

Wheeling-Ohio County  
Health Department



**Public Health**  
Prevent. Promote. Protect.

### **Adult Vaccination Clinic**

The Wheeling-Ohio County Health Department has always offered childhood vaccinations, and now the health department can provide adults with immunizations as well.

Although most adult vaccines are ordered per individual, we stock vaccines throughout the year. Any adult can be seen in the adult vaccination clinic. Insurance and Medicaid are not accepted (except flu vaccination), and an administration fee of \$30.00 is charged per visit regardless of the number of vaccines being received.

The following vaccines are available at the adult vaccination clinic: **Tetanus/Diphtheria (Td), Tetanus/Diphtheria/Pertussis (Tdap), Meningococcal, Hepatitis A, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis A&B, Measles-Mumps-Rubella (MMR), Rabies, Shingles, Varicella and Polio.** The health department also offers **TB Skin Testing.**

Adult immunizations are available by appointment. Charges for immunizations vary and are subject to change. For information or appointments please call (304) 234-3682.

### **When you come to the clinic:**

Bring with you each visit to the clinic:

- Complete and current vaccine record, if available.
- Payments are made by check or cash only. We do not accept debit/credit or insurance cards.
- Fees are based on vaccines given and subject to change.
- Advise the nurse of any known allergies, previous reactions, pregnancy or breast feeding status

### **Vaccinations for Adults (*vaccine costs vary*)**

Administration & Consultation: \$30

Staff will address and respond to destination specific travelers' disease, epidemics and vaccination issues; along with providing immunizations that may be required or recommended for safe travel abroad.

### Hepatitis A (2 shot series)

Transmitted through contaminated water, ice, fruit, vegetables, shellfish harvested from sewage contaminated water or other foods that are eaten uncooked.

### Hepatitis B (3 shot series)

Hepatitis B vaccine is the only vaccine known to help prevent liver cancer. Transmitted by contact with infected blood or blood derived fluids.

### Twinrix: Hepatitis A & Hepatitis B Combination Vaccine (3 shot series)

### Human Papillomavirus (HPV) (3 dose series)

This vaccination is traditionally recommended for girls and boys ages 11-12. The vaccine is also recommended for the following people who have not completed the 3 dose series:

- Females 13 through 26 years of age.
- Males 13 through 21 years of age.

This vaccine may be given to men 22 through 26 years of age who have not completed the 3-dose series. It is recommended for men through age 26 who have sex with men or whose immune system is weakened because of HIV infection, other illness, or medications.

### Meningococcal Meningitis (Provides protection for 2 or more years depending on which vaccination is received)

Recommended for students living in dorms or group settings and for travelers entering an area where the disease is prevalent. Transmitted by a bacteria that is spread through respiratory contact with an infected person.

### Polio (series of 3 or 1 adult booster)

Recommended for adults who are traveling to areas where polio is common, laboratory workers who might handle polio virus and health care workers treating patients who could have polio.

### Tetanus/Diphtheria (Td)

Recommended for individuals who have not received a Td vaccination in the past 10 years.

### Tetanus/Diphtheria/Pertussis (Tdap)

Recommended for all adults to substitute Tdap for one dose of Td. Td should be used for all later doses.

### Measles, Mumps, and Rubella (MMR series of 2 shots)

Recommended for individuals who have not received a MMR vaccination or cannot be considered immune. Individual is considered immune if they have received a 2 dose series, have had the diagnosis of measles (by a physician or laboratory evidence of immunity) or were born before 1957.

### Flu Shot (recommended yearly)

Recommended for individuals yearly.

### Pneumococcal (PPSV) (1 dose)

Recommended per age and other risk factors.

### Rabies (3 dose series)

People at high risk of exposure to rabies, such as veterinarians, animal handlers, rabies laboratory workers, spelunkers, and rabies biologics production workers should be offered rabies vaccine. The vaccine should also be considered for people whose activities bring them into frequent contact with rabies virus or with possibly rabid animals.

The pre-exposure schedule for rabies vaccination is 3 doses, given at the following times:

- Dose 1: As appropriate
- Dose 2: 7 days after Dose 1
- Dose 3: 21 days or 28 days after Dose 1

### Shingles (Zoster) (1 dose)

A single dose of shingles vaccine is recommended for adults 60 years of age and older.

### Varicella (1 to 2 dose series)

People 13 years of age and older (who have never had chickenpox or received chickenpox vaccine) should get two doses at least 28 days apart. Anyone who is not fully vaccinated, and never had chickenpox, should receive one or two doses of chickenpox vaccine. The timing of these doses depends on the person's age. Ask your provider.

### TB Skin Test

The skin test is used to evaluate people for latent TB infection